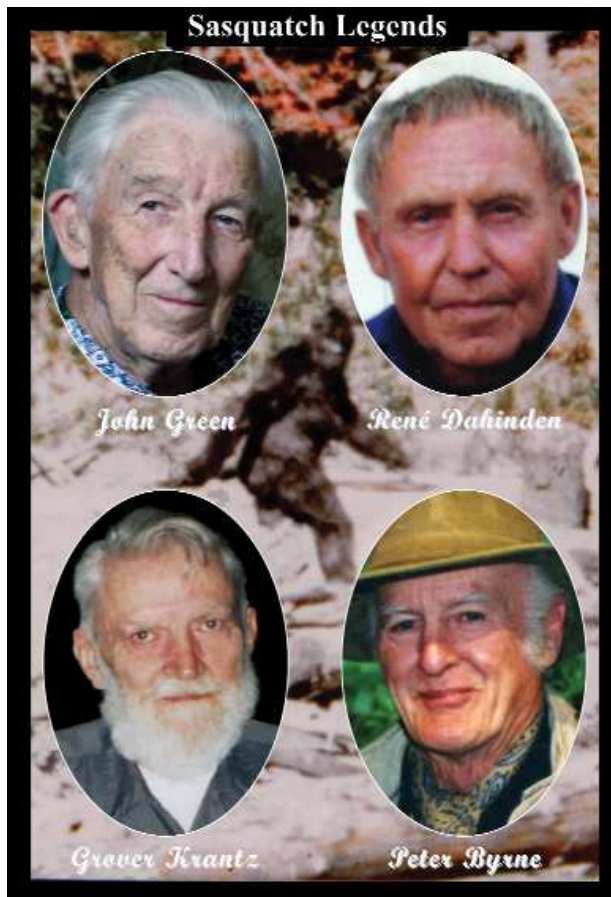


# SASQUATCH LEGENDS



**Grover Krantz** (1931–2002) was an anthropologist and the first scientist to acknowledge the possibility of sasquatch existence. He authored two books on the subject and numerous articles/papers. He embraced Green's "Giganto" theory and created a model of a *Gigantopithecus blacki* skull based on a jaw bone.

**Peter Byrne** (1925 – ) is a highly noted yeti and sasquatch researcher. Byrne put in place the first properly organized facility to find a sasquatch. He also arranged for a proper scientific study of the Patterson and Gimlin film. He authored two books: one strictly on the sasquatch, the other on sasquatch, yeti and the Loch Ness Monster, which also measured in his research.

From the mid 1950s and early 1960s to recent times these men dominated the field of sasquatch research. They appeared in many newspaper articles, magazine articles, books and television documentaries. Peter Byrne is the only researcher alive at this writing and is still active in the field.

While Green and Krantz remained friendly there were great differences in opinions otherwise. Nevertheless, all four men agreed that the Patterson and Gimlin film likely showed an actual sasquatch. Green, Dahinden and Byrne knew Roger Patterson and Bob Gimlin quite well so could base their decision on "additional factors."

**T**hese four men are the indisputable pioneers of sasquatch research.

**John Green** (1927–2016) was the main chronicler of sasquatch-related reports. He authored many books on the subject and became the primary sasquatch authority. He originated the *Gigantopithecus blacki* theory.

**René Dahinden** (1930–2001) was an ardent field researcher who became well-known as a sasquatch authority. He authored a book and worked to get scientific recognition of the Patterson and Gimlin film.